



HERMANS & SCHUTTEVAER
NOTARISSSEN ADVISEURS MEDIATORS

Ref: SSU (17 May 2021.1)
Dos: 2021.16358.01

This is an unofficial translation into English of the original Dutch text. An attempt has been made to be as literal as possible without jeopardizing the overall continuity. Inevitably, differences may occur in the translation, and if so the Dutch text will govern.

UNOFFICIAL TRANSLATION
OF THE DEED OF INCORPORATION

file reference: 2021S16358PS
execution date: May 17th, 2021

This seventeenth day of May two thousand and twenty-one, before me, Sabine van Suijdam, Civil-law Notary ("*notaris*") in Amsterdam, the Netherlands, personally appeared: Kristianne Elisabeth Viktorine Voorn, employed and domicile chosen at the office of me, Civil-law Notary, 1072 SB Amsterdam, Jozef Israëlskade 46, born in Spijkenisse, the Netherlands on the first day of May nineteen hundred and ninety-one, acting herein in her capacity as attorney in fact authorised to represent:

1. Mr. **Lee Andrew Feldman**, born in Montréal, Canada, on the eighth day of November nineteen hundred and sixty-five, residing at Singel 172 C, 1015 AH Amsterdam, the Netherlands, identifying himself with his Canadian passport with number: AM029541, issued on the thirtieth day of September two thousand nineteen, hereinafter to be referred to as: "**Feldman**";
2. Ms. **Sarah Louise Roberts**, born in Sydney, Australia, on the ninth day of March nineteen hundred and seventy-eight, residing at Leliegracht 7 3, 1016 GN Amsterdam, the Netherlands, identifying herself with her Dutch residence permit with number: NLD9978789, issued on the thirtieth day of March two thousand eighteen, not married or registered as a partner, hereinafter to be referred to as: "**Roberts**";
3. Ms. **Oona Simone Eager**, born in Victoria, Canada, on the first day of October nineteen hundred and eighty-four, residing at Prinseneiland 67 B, 1013 LM Amsterdam, the Netherlands, identifying herself with her Canadian passport with number: HD106370, issued on the twenty-third day of April two thousand fifteen, not married or registered as a partner, hereinafter to be referred to as: "**Eager**".

The person appearing, acting in his aforesaid capacity, stated hereby to incorporate a foundation which shall be governed by the following

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
Name, registered address



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Article 1

1. The name of the foundation is **Stichting BYCS Global Foundation**.
2. It is registered in Amsterdam, the Netherlands.

Objects

Article 2

1. The objects of the foundation are to:
 - a. being part of a global ecosystem accelerating the growth of urban cycling and get the next billion people on bicycles;
 - b. aim for impact towards a wide range of sustainable development goals, particularly – but not exclusively – by contributing in the field of:
 - i. mobility, by offering and implementing affordable, accessible and clean transport solutions across the city and region;
 - ii. health, by improving health, wellbeing and clean air to breath, with active citizens;
 - iii. environment, by reducing cities and communities' carbon footprint and inspiring responsible lifestyles;
 - iv. the community, by creating inclusive and safe places with engaged citizens;
 - v. economy, by stimulating new forms of sustainable economic development and opportunity;
 - c. either alone or jointly with others to direct or indirect participate in and collaborate with (local) organizations, bodies corporate, companies and enterprises, who pursue a similar goal;
 - d. to do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the above objects or any of them, in the broadest sense of the words.
2. To achieve its objects, the foundation tries, among other things:
 - a. to be a catalyst and bring together public and private domains to make them understand the importance of increased cycling capacity in cities for environmental benefits and economic health;
 - b. to facilitate the foundation's global network;
 - c. to show visionary leadership supported with secondary research as well as qualitative and quantitative data capture;
 - d. to make resources available to achieve the aforementioned objectives;
 - e. to raise funds, accepting gifts and using such funds and gifts for the activities described above;
 - f. to consult and collaborate with organizations that support the above activities;
 - g. to prepare and distribute promotional material;
 - h. to maintain a website, social media channel(s) and other materials and media;
 - i. to do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the above objects or any of them, in the broadest sense of the words.
3. The foundation is not for profit.

Capital



Article 3

1. The foundation's assets include:
 - a. donations;
 - b. gifts;
 - c. acquisitions under inheritance law, whereby in the case of an inheritance, this can only be done under benefit of inventory;
 - d. grants;
 - e. third-party contributions;
 - f. all other income and benefits.
2. The board is not obliged to accept contributions from third parties if it is established that they are made subject to conditions that are contrary to the object of the foundation.
3. The foundation does not hold more capital than is reasonably necessary for the continuity of the anticipated activities for the purpose of the foundation.
Capital required for the continuity of the anticipated activities as referred to above means:
 - 1°. capital or parts thereof that are acquired by the foundation under a will or by donation, whether or not to be maintained in real terms, insofar as such maintenance results from the conditions attached to that disposition of property by will or donation;
 - 2°. assets retained to the extent that their maintenance flows from the object of the foundation;
 - 3°. assets held and capital accrued for the anticipated purchase of such assets, insofar as the foundation reasonably needs those assets for the purposes of its object.
4. The foundation shall state in its financial records the purpose for which the capital is held, as well as a justification for the amount of the capital. The records of the foundation are also drawn up in such a way that they clearly indicate:
 - 1°. the nature and extent of the expenses and fees accruing to the individual members of the foundation's policy-making body;
 - 2°. the nature and extent of the costs incurred by the foundation for the purpose of raising funds and managing the foundation, as well as the nature and extent of the other expenses of the foundation;
 - 3°. the nature and extent of the foundation's income;
 - 4°. the nature and extent of the foundation's capital.
5. The costs of fundraising and the management costs of the foundation must be in reasonable proportion to the expenditure for the object of the foundation.
6. Neither a natural person nor a legal entity can dispose of the assets of the foundation as if it were its own assets.

Board: composition, method of appointment and remuneration

Article 4



1. The board consists of at least three (3) natural persons. The number of board members shall be determined by the board, subject to the above provisions.
Board members are not allowed to have a relationship with each other. A relationship here means:
 - family members up to and including the fourth degree;
 - married partners;
 - registered partners;
 - cohabiting partners.
2. The board members are appointed unanimously by the board at a meeting at which all the board members in office are present. The board shall appoint a chair, secretary and treasurer from among its members. The positions of secretary and treasurer may be combined in one person.
3. Board members are appointed for a period of three (3) years. A retiring board member can be reappointed immediately and without limitation. Until the board proceeds with the appointment of a successor board member or the reappointment of the board member in office, the function of the relevant board member shall not end as a result of the expiry of their term of office. A board member appointed to fill an interim vacancy takes the place of the person whose vacant place he was appointed to fill.
4. The board shall draw up a profile of the size and composition of the board, taking into account the nature of the foundation, its activities and the required expertise of the board members.
Vacancies must be filled as soon as possible. If a board position has not yet been filled within six (6) months since its vacancy occurred, the appointment may be made by the court in accordance with the provisions of Book 2 Article 299 of the Dutch Civil Code. If and as long as the board consists of several members, the board shall appoint a chairman from among its members.
5. In the event of one or more vacancies on the board, the board shall retain its powers.
6. The board members receive no remuneration for their work.
They shall, however, be entitled to reimbursement of expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties.

Board: duties and powers

Article 5

1. The board is entrusted with governing the strategic direction of the foundation.
2. Unless the resolution to enter into such an agreement is adopted unanimously at a meeting at which all the board members in office are present or represented, the board shall not be authorised to enter into agreements:
 - a. for the acquisition, purchase, disposal, or encumbrance of goods, including registered property;
 - b. for borrowing money and entering into financing agreements to the extent necessary to achieve the foundation's object;
 - c. where the foundation undertakes to act as guarantor or as joint and several debtor;



- d. where the foundation commits itself to a third party;
- e. where the foundation undertakes to provide security for the debts of a third party.
3. The board decides on the appointment and dismissal of employees of the foundation.
4. The board shall decide on the location(s) where the foundation shall conduct its activities and have its office.
5. Inheritances may only be accepted under benefit of inventory.
6. The board is entrusted with the governing of the foundation's properties and funds and is entrusted with the policy and supervision of the foundation's activities and other work. Each board member has the right at all times to inspect or audit all books, documents and records relating to the foundation in the performance of his duties as a board member. The board shall also draw up regulations containing the rules and regulations governing all matters relating to the foundation.
7.
 - a. In the event of absence or inability to act of a board member, the remaining board members shall be charged with the governing of the foundation. In the event of absence or inability of all board members, the governing of the foundation shall be entrusted to one person as determined by the court.
 - b. unable to act as mentioned under a. is in any case understood:
 - i. suspension;
 - ii. disease;
 - iii. inaccessibility,in the events referred to under ii. and iii. without the possibility of contact for a period of fourteen (14) days between the board member and the foundation.

Board: meetings

Article 6

1. Meetings of the board are to be held in the Netherlands in the municipality where the foundation has its registered office, or at another place to be designated with the consent of all board members in office.
2. Annually within six (6) months after the end of the financial year, a meeting of the board (the annual meeting) is held, at which, in any case, the adoption of the balance sheet and the statement of income and expenditure is discussed.
3. At least four (4) times a year a meeting of the board is held. In addition, meetings are held when any board member convenes a meeting.
4. Notice of a meeting shall be given by means of written notice at least seven (7) days in advance, not counting the day of the notice and the day of the meeting itself.
5. In addition to the place and time of the meeting, the written notice should state the subjects to be discussed.
6. Meetings are led by the chair. If there is no chair, the board members present shall decide on the leadership of the meeting.
7. The minutes of the meeting shall be kept by a note taker appointed by the chair. The minutes shall be adopted and signed by those who acted as chair and note taker at the meeting. The minutes shall then be kept by the chair.



8. Board meetings may be attended by board members in office and those invited by the board.
9. Meetings of the board may be held by the meeting of board members together or by means of telephone calls, video conference, or by other means of communication, in which all participating board members are able to communicate with each other simultaneously. Participation in a meeting held in one of these ways shall be deemed to be attendance at the meeting.

Board: decision-making

Article 7

1. The board can only pass resolutions at a meeting if the majority of the board members in office are present or represented.
2. Each board member has the right to cast one vote.
Insofar as these Articles of Association do not prescribe a larger majority, board resolutions shall be adopted unanimously at a meeting at which a majority of the board members in office are present or represented.
3. A board member may be represented at a meeting by another board member subject to a written mandate that in the opinion of the chair of the meeting is adequate. A board member may only act as a proxy for one other board member.
4. If the majority of the sitting board members are not present or represented at a meeting, a second meeting shall be convened, to be held no earlier than two (2) weeks and no later than four weeks after the first meeting. At this second meeting, irrespective of the number of board members present or represented, a resolution may be adopted on the items on the agenda of the first meeting. The notice convening the second meeting must state that, and the reason why, a resolution can be taken regardless of the number of board members present or represented.
5. As long as all sitting board members are present at a meeting, valid resolutions may be passed on all subjects to be discussed, provided that they are passed unanimously, even if the rules laid down in the articles of association for convening and holding meetings have not been complied with.
6. The board may also adopt resolutions unanimously outside a meeting. The minutes shall be drawn up by the note taker of a decision taken in this way, which shall be kept as minutes after joint signature by the chairman.
7. If a vote is tied in the election of persons, a new vote shall be taken one further time at the same meeting; if the vote is tied again, then - without prejudice to the provisions of the following sentence - lots shall be drawn. If a vote on a proposal other than the one referred to above in this paragraph is tied, that proposal shall be rejected.
8. All votes in a meeting shall be taken orally, unless one or more board members specify before the vote that it be in writing.
Voting by ballot shall be by means of unsigned, closed ballot papers. Voting may also take place by electronic means of communication if the following conditions are met: a board member can be properly identified by electronic means of communication; a



board member can directly take note of the proceedings at the meeting and exercise the voting right; and a board member can participate in the deliberations by electronic means of communication.

9. Blank votes shall be deemed not to have been cast.
10. In all disputes concerning voting, the chair of the meeting decides.
11. If, in respect of a juridical act, any board member has a direct or indirect personal interest that is in conflict with the interest of the foundation and its organisation, the board member concerned will not take part in the deliberations and decision-making regarding the legal act in question. If this does not allow a decision to be taken, the proposal is rejected.

Board: termination of office

Article 8

1. A board member, even one appointed for a fixed period, can be suspended or dismissed at any time, if this is in the interest of the foundation. A resolution to suspend or dismiss a board member must, after hearing the board member concerned, be adopted by a majority of votes at a meeting at which all the board members in office are present, with the exception of the board member whose suspension or dismissal is decided upon, who does not participate in the meeting and vote.
A suspension that is not followed within three (3) months by a decision to dismiss shall end with the expiry of that period.
2. The position of board member shall also end by:
 - a. the submission of a written resignation to the chair of the board, unless the resignation entails that the foundation (temporarily) lacks the required minimum number of board members; the resignation shall take effect as soon as it is submitted or at a time indicated at the time of the resignation; if the minimum number of board members is not provided for as a result of the resignation, the resignation shall not take effect until such time as this requirement has again been complied with;
 - b. by the expiry of any fixed term of his appointment;
 - c. his death;
 - d. the loss of free control over his assets, the loss of his mental faculties, which is of such a nature that the foundation cannot reasonably be expected to allow the board function to continue;
 - e. a criminal conviction of the board member;
 - f. dismissal by the court as referred to in Book 2 Article 298 of the Dutch Civil Code.

Board: Representation

Article 9

1. The board represents the foundation.
In addition, power of representation is vested in two (2) board members acting jointly.
2. Actions may be brought against third parties in respect of acts contrary to Article 5 paragraph 2.



3. The board may give a proxy to third parties, to represent the foundation within the limits of that proxy. No (powers under the) proxy may result in the proxy holder being able to dispose of the foundation's capital as if it were his own capital. Only a natural person can be a proxy holder.
4. In all cases in which the foundation has a conflict of interest with one or more board members, the provisions of section 1 of this article shall remain in full force.

Supervisory board

Article 10

1. The board of the foundation may decide to establish a supervisory board. Such a decision shall enter into force once a copy of that decision has been deposited at the office of the trade register.
2. The supervisory board consists of a number of members to be determined by the board. Only natural persons may be appointed as members of the supervisory board.
3. Members of the supervisory board are appointed by the supervisory board, by recommendation of the board of board members. Contrary to the foregoing, members of the supervisory board shall be appointed by the board upon establishing of the supervisory board.

If no member of the supervisory board is in office, the board is authorized to appoint one or more members of the supervisory board. If no member of the supervisory board is in office, the board may also decide to terminate an established supervisory board. Such a decision shall enter into force once a copy of that decision has been deposited at the office of the trade register.

4. The members of the supervisory board are appointed indefinitely.
5. A member of the supervisory board shall terminate:
 - a. by voluntary resignation;
 - b. by dismissal granted by the board for compelling reasons or where there is a permanent disagreement with the member concerned, an incompatibility of interests, or the member concerned does not perform adequately;
 - c. by accepting an appointment as a board member;
 - d. by loss of free control over his assets, the loss of his mental faculties, which is of such a nature that the foundation cannot reasonably be expected to allow the membership of the supervisory board to continue;
 - e. by his death.
6. Membership of the supervisory board is incompatible with the function of board member of the foundation.
7. Members of the supervisory board are not remunerated for their work. They shall, however, be entitled to reimbursement of expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties.

Tasks of the supervisory board

Article 11



1. The role of the supervisory board is to advise the board on the foundation's policies, including its strategic options for increasing impact and relevance, and the general conduct of affairs in the foundation. He advises the board. In carrying out their task, the members of the supervisory board shall be guided by the interests of the foundation.
2. The supervisory board has access to all areas used by the foundation and has the right to inspect all the foundation's books and documents.
3. The board shall provide the supervisory board with the data necessary for the performance of its task in a timely manner.

Supervisory board meetings

Article 12

1. The meetings of the supervisory board are held in the municipality where the foundation is established, unless the supervisory board decides otherwise.
2. The supervisory board shall appoint its own chair from among its members. The supervisory board may also appoint from among its members a deputy chair who, in the absence of the chair, shall exercise all the latter's duties and powers.
3. The supervisory board shall also appoint, from among its members or otherwise, its secretary and arrange for a replacement for such secretary.
4. The supervisory board meets whenever any of its members or the board deems necessary.
5. A member of the supervisory board may be represented at meetings by another member under a written mandate. A member of the supervisory board may represent no more than one other member at a meeting. The members present at the meeting shall decide on the admission of other persons by an absolute majority of votes.
6. The chair of the meeting shall appoint a minute-taker for the meeting.
7. Meetings of the supervisory board shall be chaired by the chair. If the chair is absent, the members of the supervisory board present shall chair the meeting.
8. The minutes of the meeting shall be kept by a note taker designated by the supervisory board. The minutes shall be adopted and signed by those who acted as chair and the note taker at the meeting. The minutes shall then be kept by the chair of the supervisory board.
9. Meetings of the supervisory board may be held by the meeting of its members together, or by telephone, video conference or other means of communication in which all participating members of the supervisory board are able to communicate with each other simultaneously. Participation in a meeting held in one of these ways shall be deemed to be attendance at the meeting.

Supervisory board decision making

Article 13

1. Each member of the supervisory board has one vote.
2. Any decisions of the supervisory board must be unanimous.
3. The supervisory board can only take valid decisions at a meeting if a majority of the sitting members are present or represented at the meeting.



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4. Decisions of the supervisory board may also be taken outside a meeting, in writing or otherwise, provided that the proposal in question has been submitted to all sitting members and none of them objects to the manner in which the decision is taken. A report of any decision taken outside a meeting and not made in writing shall be drawn up by the secretary of the supervisory board and signed by its chair and its secretary. Written decisions shall be taken by means of written declarations by all sitting members of the supervisory board.

Policy plan

Article 14

1. The board shall draw up a policy plan that is current for one or more years, stating how, in terms of policy and strategy, the foundation's object referred to in Article 2 is to be implemented, and which policy plan shall be reviewed (whenever necessary) in the light of current events. The policy plan provides insight into the concrete goals of the foundation for a number of years. The policy plan contains:
 - a. a programme of the activities to be undertaken;
 - b. a description of the actual work that will be carried out;
 - c. a description of the results envisaged in the implementation of the policy.
2. The policy plan referred to in the previous section shall at least contain a description of:
 - a. the activities to be carried out by the foundation;
 - b. the method of fundraising;
 - c. an arrangement and management of income and assets;
 - d. the way in which income and capital are spent and for what purposes.
3. Article 19 paragraph 1, paragraph 2 and paragraph 3 shall apply by analogy to the adoption, amendment and termination of a policy plan.

Committees

Article 15

1. The board can set up committees to prepare, support or develop the activities of the foundation. A committee shall consist of at least two (2) natural persons.
2. The tasks and powers of a committee will be further elaborated by a board decision.
3. The authority to appoint and dismiss the members of a committee shall be vested in the board.
4. The activities of a committee shall be carried out under the responsibility of the board.

Financial year and annual accounts

Article 16

1. The financial year of the foundation runs concurrently with the calendar year.
2. The board is obliged to keep records of the financial situation of the foundation and all matters relating to the activities of the foundation, in accordance with the requirements arising from these activities, and to keep the corresponding books, documents and other data carriers in such a way that the rights and obligations of the foundation can be known from them at all times.



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3. The board is obliged to draw up in paper the balance sheet and the statement of assets and expenditure of the foundation every year within six (6) months after the end of the financial year. After adoption by the board, the annual accounts are signed by all board members. The board may - and, if required by law, will - commission an audit of the balance sheet and the statement of income and expenditure by a chartered accountant, accounting consultant or another expert within the meaning of Book 2 Article 393 of the Dutch Civil Code. This expert shall report on his audit to the board and shall present the results of his audit in a statement concerning the truthfulness of the documents referred to in the previous section.

Discharge of the board for the policy pursued does not automatically follow from the adoption of the annual accounts, but will be dealt with as a separate agenda item.

4. The board is obliged to keep the books, documents and other data carriers referred to in the previous paragraphs for a period of seven (7) years.
5. The data entered on a data carrier, with the exception of the balance sheet and statement of income and expenditure drawn up on paper, may be transferred to another data carrier and kept, provided that the transfer is made with a correct and complete representation of the data and that this data is available for the entire retention period and can be made readable within a reasonable period of time.
6. On demand, the foundation shall allow access to its financial records to the Dutch Tax and Customs Administration.

Management and Executive Director

Article 17

1. The board can appoint management and an executive director who is responsible for the general and daily tasks and management of the foundation.
2. The power to appoint and dismiss the executive director shall lie with the board.
3. The tasks and powers of the executive director will be specified in regulations.

Bylaws

Article 18

1. The board is authorised to draw up bylaws governing matters which, in the opinion of the board, require (further) regulation.
2. These bylaws may not be in conflict with the law or these articles of association.
3. The board is authorised to amend or terminate the bylaws.
4. The provisions of Article 19 paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 apply to the adoption, amendment and repealing of the bylaws.

Amendment of these Articles of Association

Article 19

1. No changes can be made to the foundation's Articles of Association other than by a decision of the board. Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 7, paragraphs 5 and 6, such a resolution may only be adopted at a meeting which has been convened with notice that an amendment to the Articles of Association is on the agenda.



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2. Those who have convened the meeting to consider a proposal to amend the articles of association must send a copy of that proposal, containing the verbatim text of the proposed amendment, to all board members at least fifteen (15) days before the meeting.
3. A resolution to amend the articles of association shall be adopted unanimously at a meeting at which all the board members in office are present or represented. If not all of the board members in office are present or represented, a second meeting may be convened and held within four (4) weeks thereafter, at which a resolution may be passed on the proposal, as discussed at the previous meeting, irrespective of the number of board members present or represented at that time, provided that the proposal is adopted unanimously.
The notice convening this second meeting must state that, and the reason why, a resolution can be adopted, regardless of the number of board members present or represented at the meeting.
4. An amendment of the Articles of Association must be made by notarial deed, failing which it is invalid. Each board member is authorised to execute this deed.
5. The Articles of Association as they read at any time will be made available for inspection by interested parties during office hours at the offices of the foundation.

Internet site

Article 20

The foundation publishes information electronically via the internet regarding its functioning, including at least:

- the name of the foundation;
- RSIN (identification number for legal entities and associations)/ tax number of the foundation;
- the postal or visiting address, or telephone number, or e-mail address of the foundation;
- a clear description of the objects of the foundation;
- the main features of the policy plan as referred to in Article 10;
- the composition of the board and the names and functions of the board members;
- the remuneration policy;
- an up-to-date report on the activities carried out;
- financial accountability.

Notification of changes to the Tax and Customs Administration

Article 21

The foundation reports changes that could affect its ANBI status to the Tax and Customs Administration's ANBI team.

Dissolution and liquidation

Article 22

1. The provisions of Article 19, paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 shall apply by analogy to the decision to dissolve the foundation.



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2. The decision to dissolve shall also specify the destination of the balance of the liquidated assets. Any amount remaining after the payment of creditors from the assets of the dissolved foundation must be spent on behalf of an institution as referred to in Article 5b of the General State Taxes Act in conjunction with Article 6.33(1)(b) of the Income Tax Act 2001, with an objective similar to that of the foundation or of a foreign institution that focuses exclusively or almost exclusively on the public benefit and that has a similar object.
3. After dissolution, the liquidation shall be carried out by the board members, unless other persons have been appointed as liquidators in the resolution to dissolve the company.
4. After completion of the liquidation, the books and documents of the dissolved foundation will remain in the custody of the person appointed by the liquidators for the period prescribed by law.
5. In addition, the provisions of Title 1, Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code shall apply to the liquidation.

Final provisions

Article 23

1. In all cases where neither the law nor these articles of association provide for an answer, the board shall decide.
2. For the purposes of these articles of association, 'written' means any message conveyed through the usual channels of communication, which is evidenced in writing.

Final statements

The person, acting in her aforesaid capacity, finally stated:

- A. that contrary to the provisions of Article 4 the following persons has been appointed as the first Board members of the Foundation:
 - Roberts, as Chairman;
 - Feldman, as secretary;
 - Eager, as treasurer.
- B. the first financial year of the foundation shall end on the thirty-first day of December two thousand and twenty-two.

POWERS OF ATTORNEY

The powers of attorney to the person appearing are evidenced by a instruments under hand, of which a copy shall be appended to the original of this deed.

CONCLUSION

This deed, drawn up in one original copy, was executed in Amsterdam, the Netherlands, on the date first before written.

The person appearing is known to me, Civil-law Notary.

I, Civil-law Notary, have determined the identity of the person appearing by means of a document designated for that purpose.

After the substance of this deed had been made known and explained to the person appearing, she declared that she had noted the contents of this deed timely before its execution, agreed to its contents and did not require it to be read out in full.



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Subsequently, after a partial reading in accordance with the law, this deed was immediately thereupon signed by the person appearing and by me, Civil-law Notary.